

Perspectives of HVDC and FACTS for System Enhancement and Grid Interconnection

Presenter:

Mario Nelson Lemes-mario.lemes@siemens.com

Sales & Marketing FACTS / HVDC

Siemens Ltda, São Paulo, Brazil

Power Transmission Systems are the essential for Power Markets

SIEMENS

Investments in Power Industry

Generation

Transmission

Distribution



~ 40 %

can be



or



-neck



~ 20 %



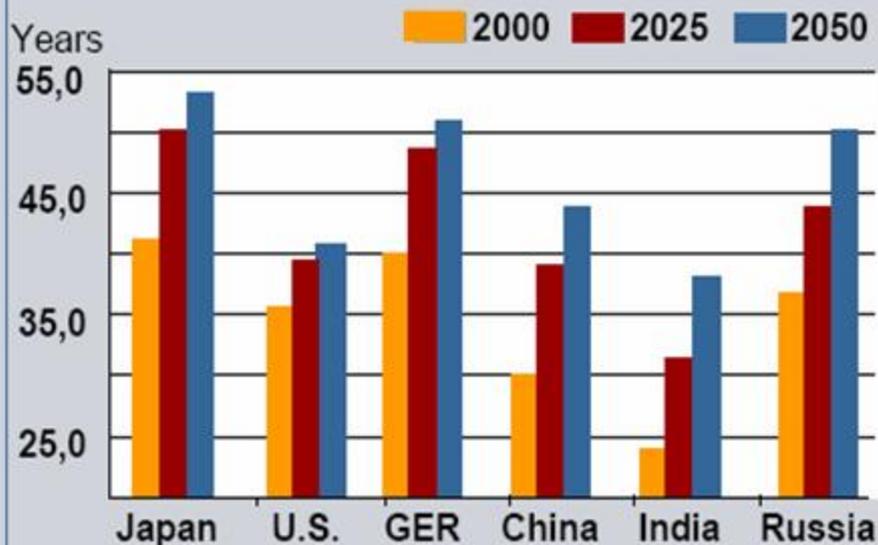
~ 40 %

Depending on
Grid Structure

Megatrends Demographic Change and Urbanization

Demographic Change

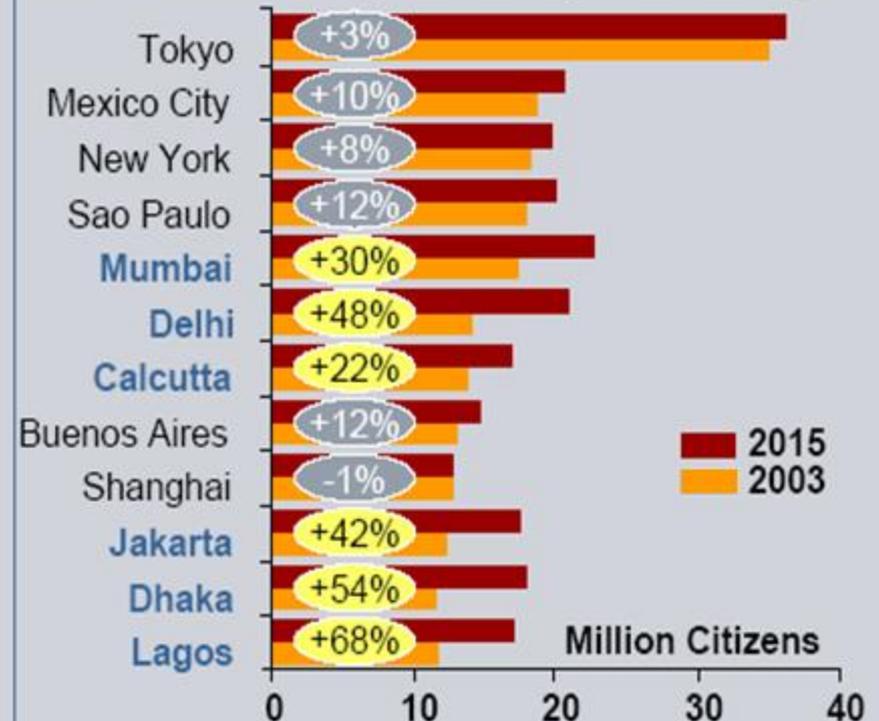
Development average age
in selected countries



- Growing world population:
2003: 6,3 bn. 2015: 7,2 bn.
2025: 7,9 bn. 2050: 8,9 bn.
- 2050: For the first time, number of people >60 years equals number of people <15 years

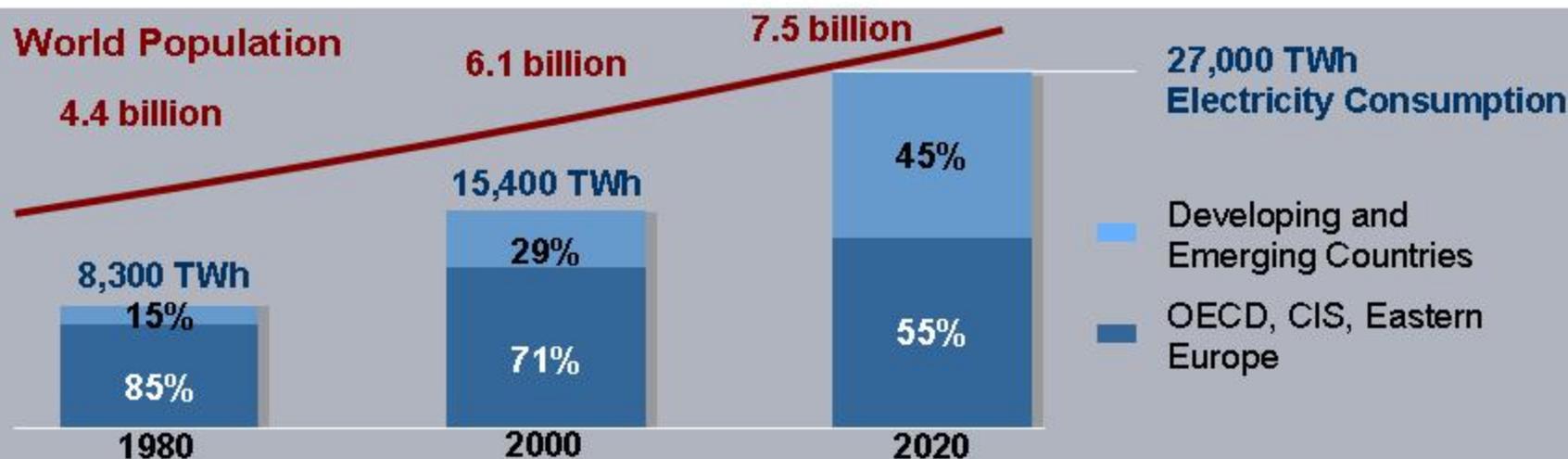
Urbanization

Growth of 12 largest cities (Source: UN)



- Growth of world population \emptyset 1% p.a.
- Growth of urban population \emptyset 1,8% p.a.

Increasing Power Demand ... and changing Energy Resources



Lifetime assuming static Consumption

Conventional Oil
 Non conventional Oil
 Conventional Gas
 Non conventional Gas
 Coal
 Uranium

Lifetime (proven Reserves)



Lifetime (Reserves + Resources)



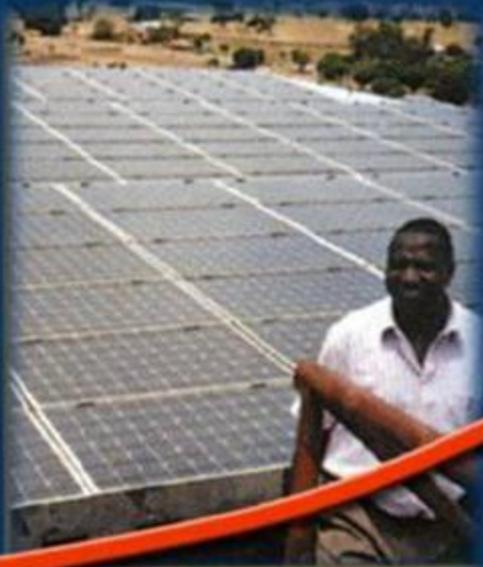
Sources: Siemens IEA, UN, Siemens PG GS4, 2006

Different challenges for Power Transmission and Distribution

SIEMENS

energy consumption per capita

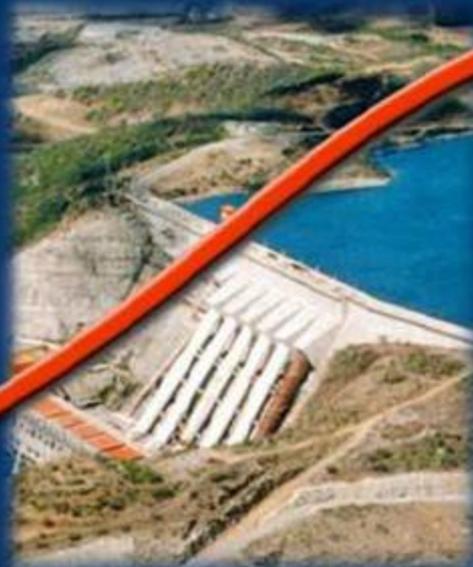
▶ small isolated grids



developing countries

▶ higher voltage levels

▶ long distance transmission



emerging countries

▶ transmission shortages

▶ demand for clean energy and high quality



industrialized countries

Challenges for Electrical Power Transmission and Distribution

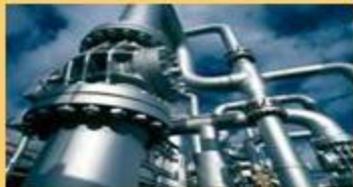
SIEMENS



Need for more Energy



Urbanization



Scarcity of Natural Resources



Environmental Awareness



Open Markets



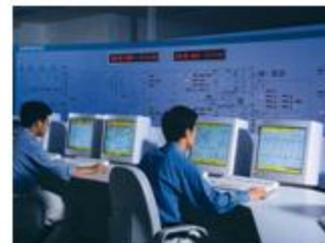
Increased Use of Distributed and Renewable Energy Resources



Capacity Increase and Bulk Power Transmission over long Distances



Distribution within congested Areas / Megacities

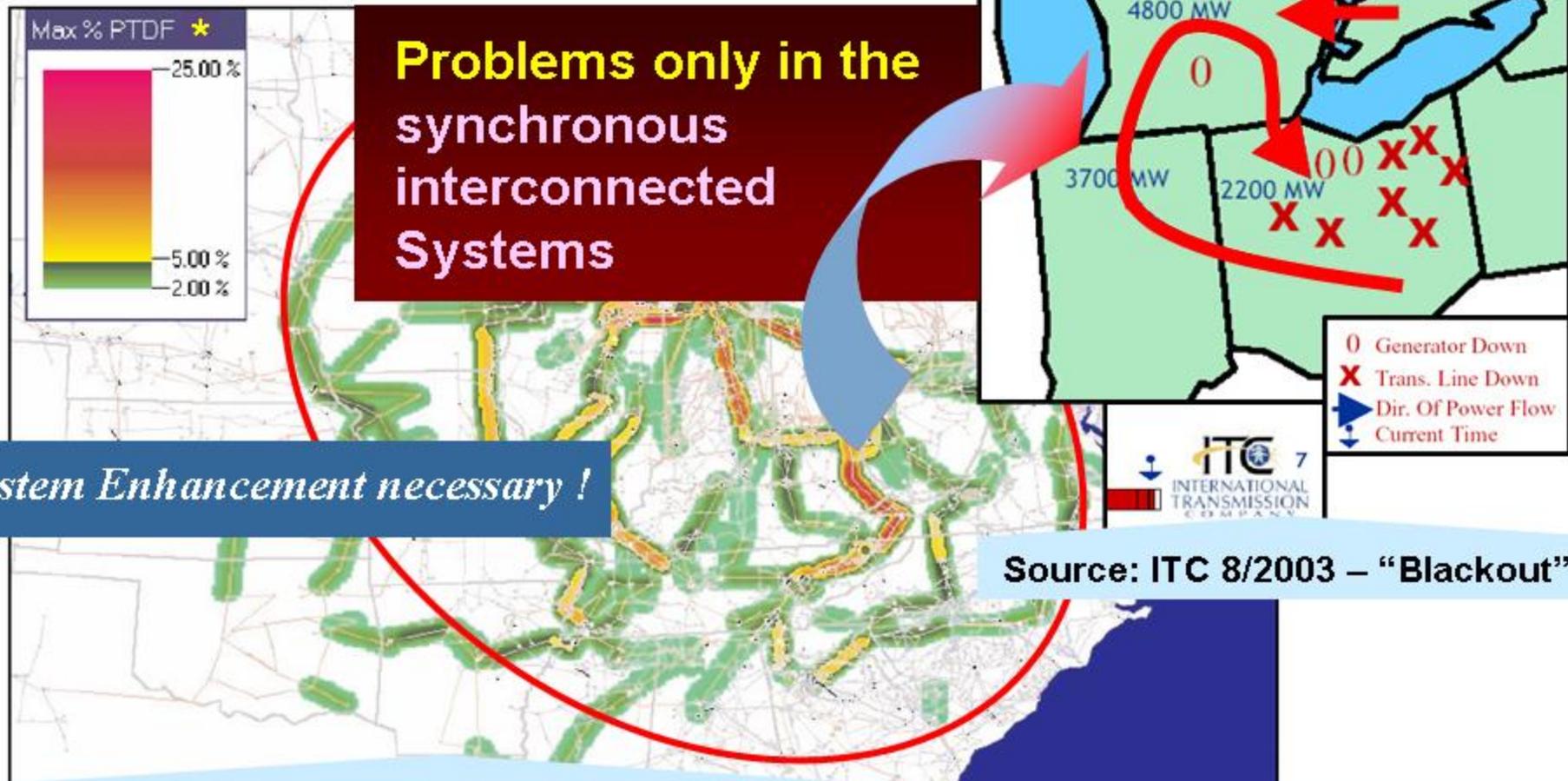


Goal: reliable, flexible, safe and secure Grids

If Power Flow exceeds the Design Criteria: Blackout

SIEMENS

Figure 3: Loop Flow of Power Transfer from Wisconsin to TVA



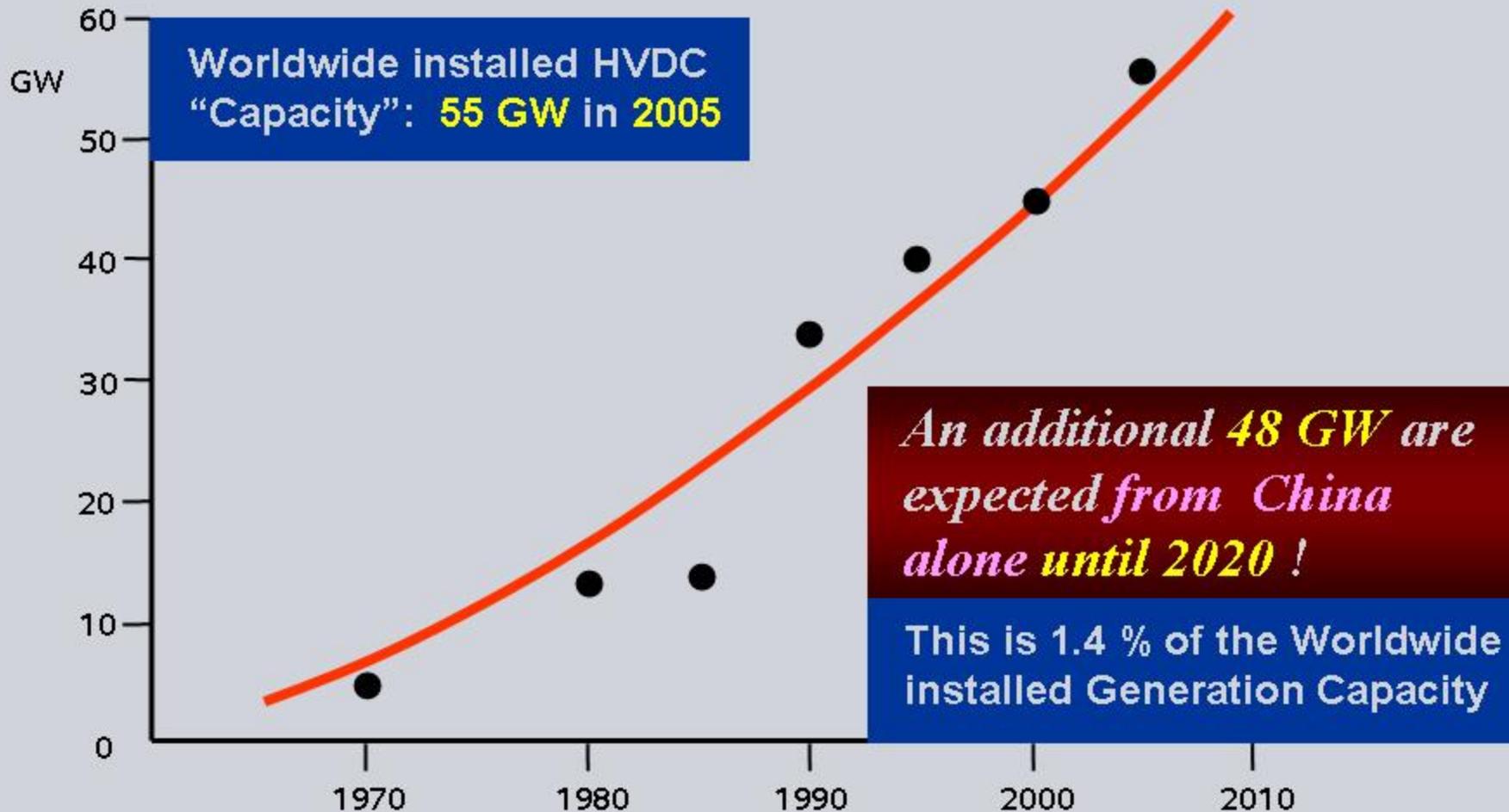
Source: National Transmission Grid Study; U.S. DOE 5/2002 – “Preview”

The US Blackout 2003: Congestion, Overloads and Loop Flows

* **PTDF** = **P**ower **T**ransfer **D**istribution **F**actor

Development of DC Transmission: Worldwide installed Capacity

SIEMENS



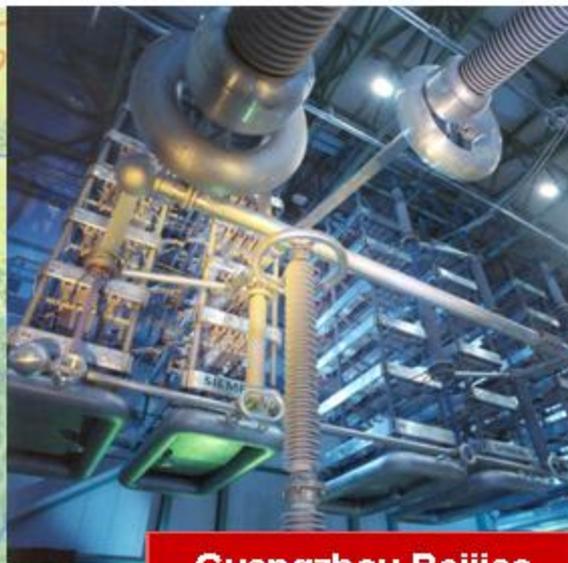
Sources: IEEE T&D Committee 2000 - Cigre WG B4-04 2003

Hydro Power Long Distance Transmission Tian-Guang

SIEMENS

The Task: Connection of **Hydro Generation** to Remote **Load Centers**

2000



Guangzhou Beijiao

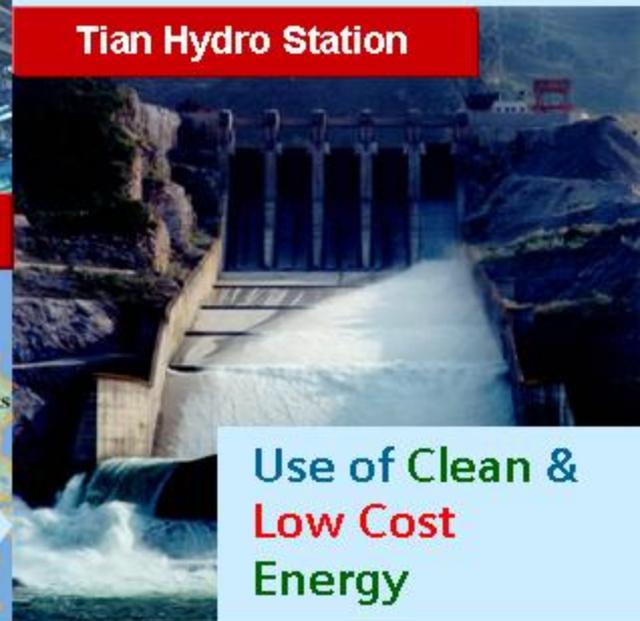
Tianshengqiao

Benefits

- Operated by:
South China Electric Power JVC (SCEP)
- System Data:

Rating	1,800 MW
Voltage	+/-500 kVDC
Thyristor	8 kV
Line Length	960 km

Tian Hydro Station



Use of Clean &
Low Cost
Energy

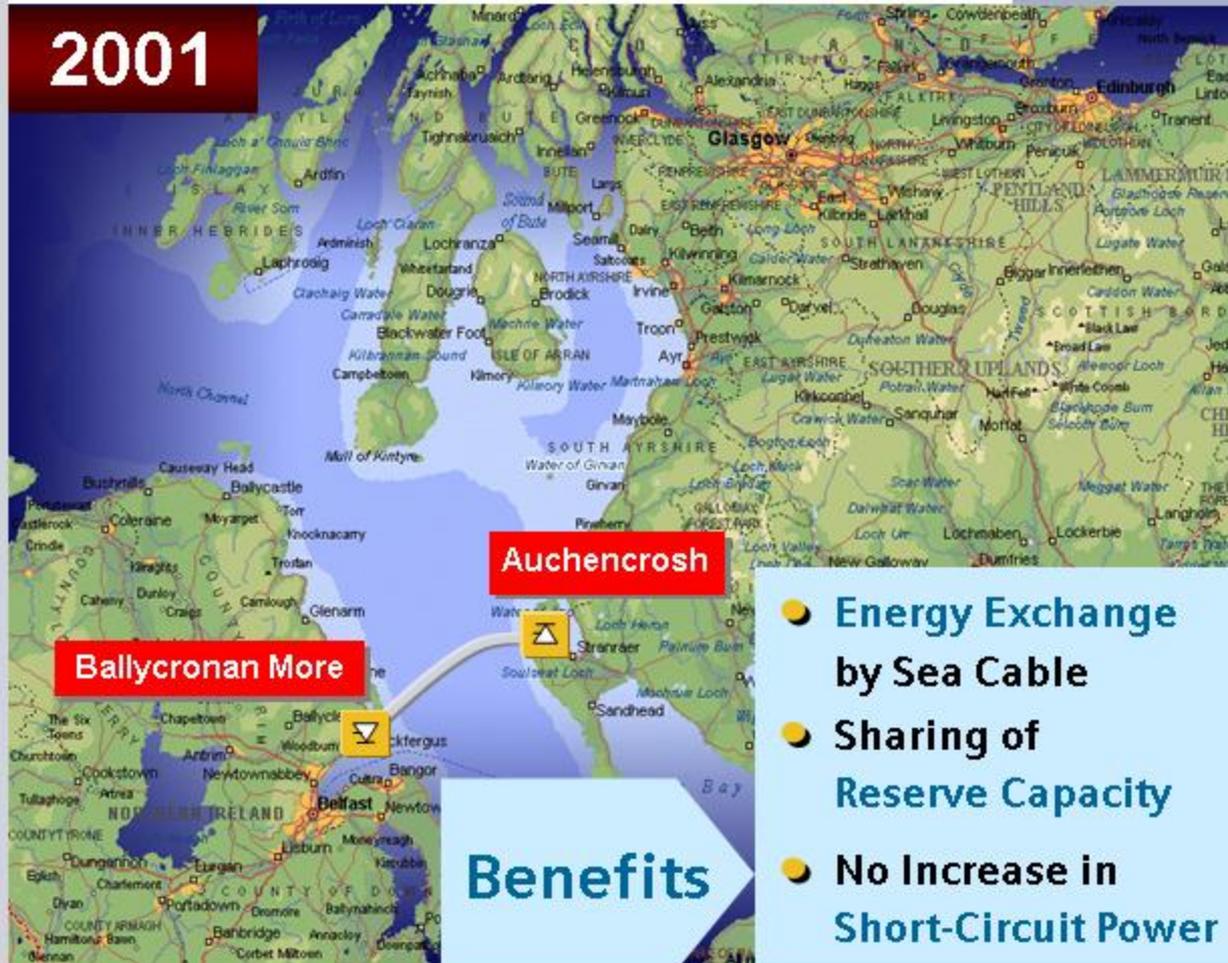
Europe - HVDC Moyle Interconnector

SIEMENS

The Task:
Sea-Cable Transmission

*World's first HVDC with LTT
and wafer-integrated BOD*

2001



- Operated by:
Moyle Interconnector
Ltd., Northern Ireland

- System Data:
Rating 2x250 MW
Voltage 250 kV DC
Thyristor 8 kV LTT
Cable Length 64 km

- Energy Exchange
by Sea Cable
- Sharing of
Reserve Capacity
- No Increase in
Short-Circuit Power



via HVDC submarine Cable into the Megacity New York

= secure and reliable power supply for congested and densely populated area with minimum right of way requirement



Duffy Avenue / Long Island – New York



Converter Station

Off-Island Cable Route

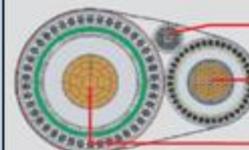
Atlantic Ocean

Sayreville / New Jersey



Data:
660MW at 500kV DC, 104km Cable

Pirelli power cable cross-section

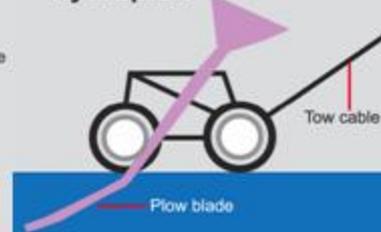


Fiber-optic communication line

Metallic return line

Transmission line

Hydroplow



Tow cable

Plow blade

Now: Why UHV AC & DC ?

SIEMENS

Some Countries will need **Bulk Power Transmission Corridors ...**



DC: 4-6 GW

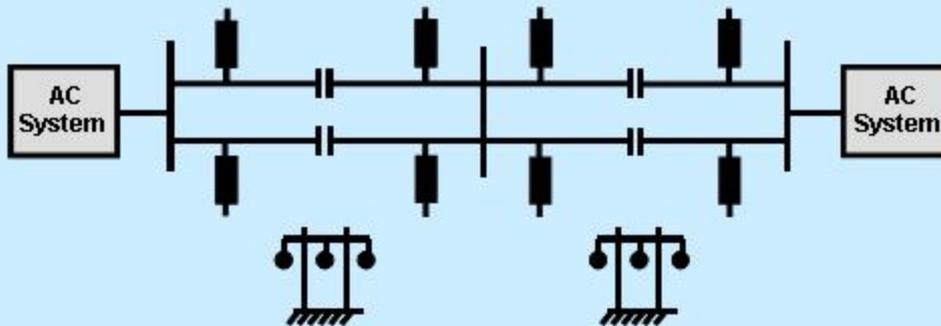
Solutions:
800 kV DC or
1000 kV AC

AC: 6-10 GW

Costs* of High-Voltage LD-Transmission **SIEMENS**

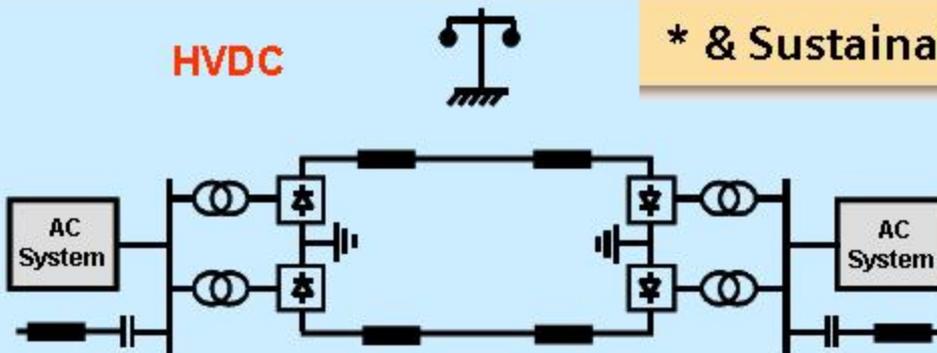
... for Point-to-Point Connection

HVAC



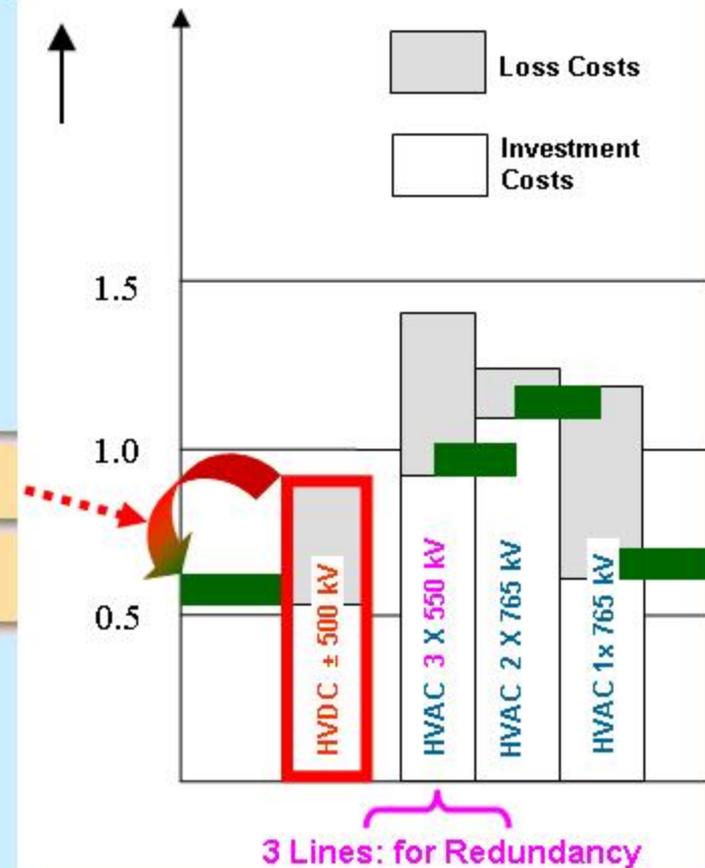
61 % Loss Cost & CO₂ Reduction with 800 KV DC

HVDC



* & Sustainability

€ Cents/kWh



For Comparison: Reduction in Losses with 800 kV DC

Source: Siemens PTD SE PTI - 2002

ABINEE TEC 2007

AC versus DC – Right of Way a View of the Tower Geometry

SIEMENS

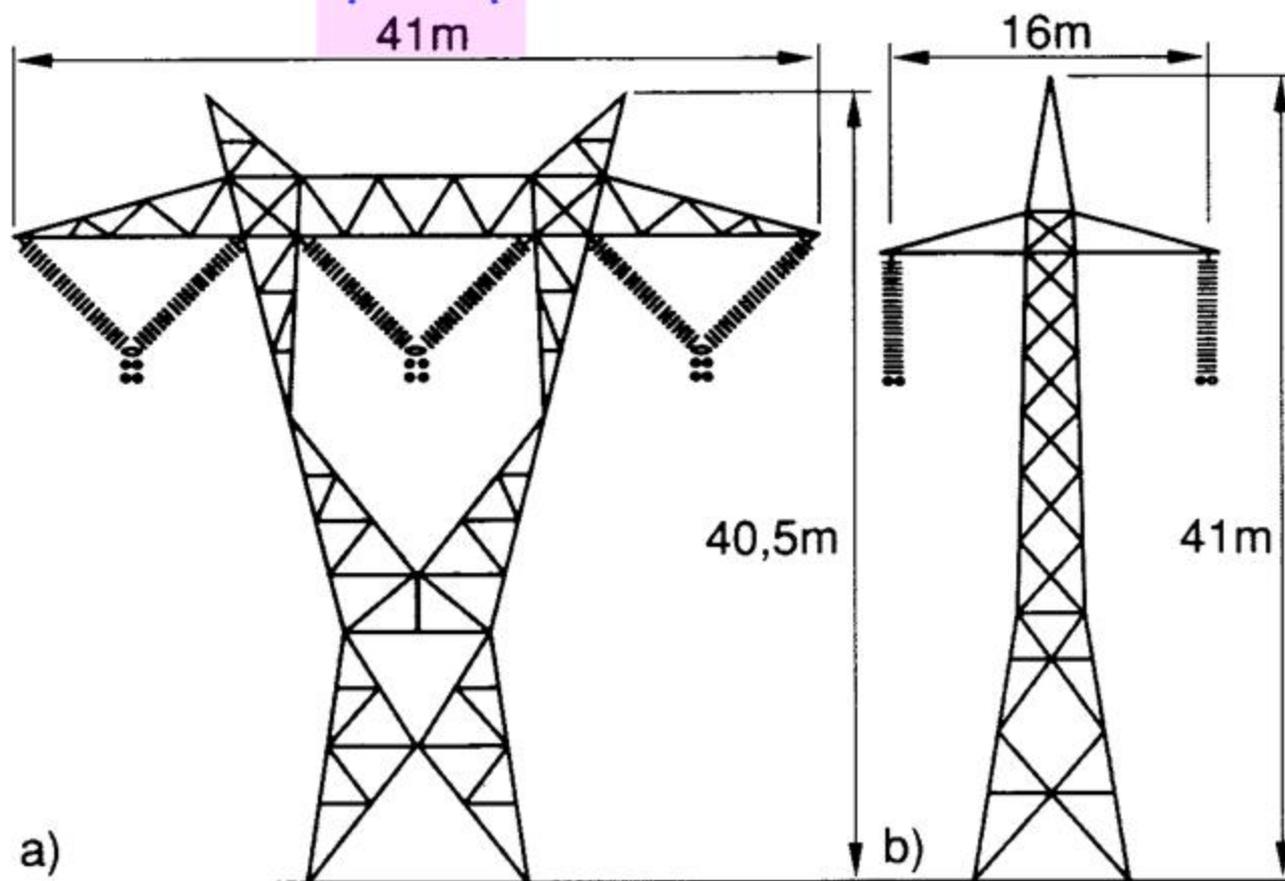
Comparison of Towers for 500 kV AC Line a) and ± 500 kV DC Line b), at same Transmission Capacity

For Redundancy - 2 Lines:

x 2

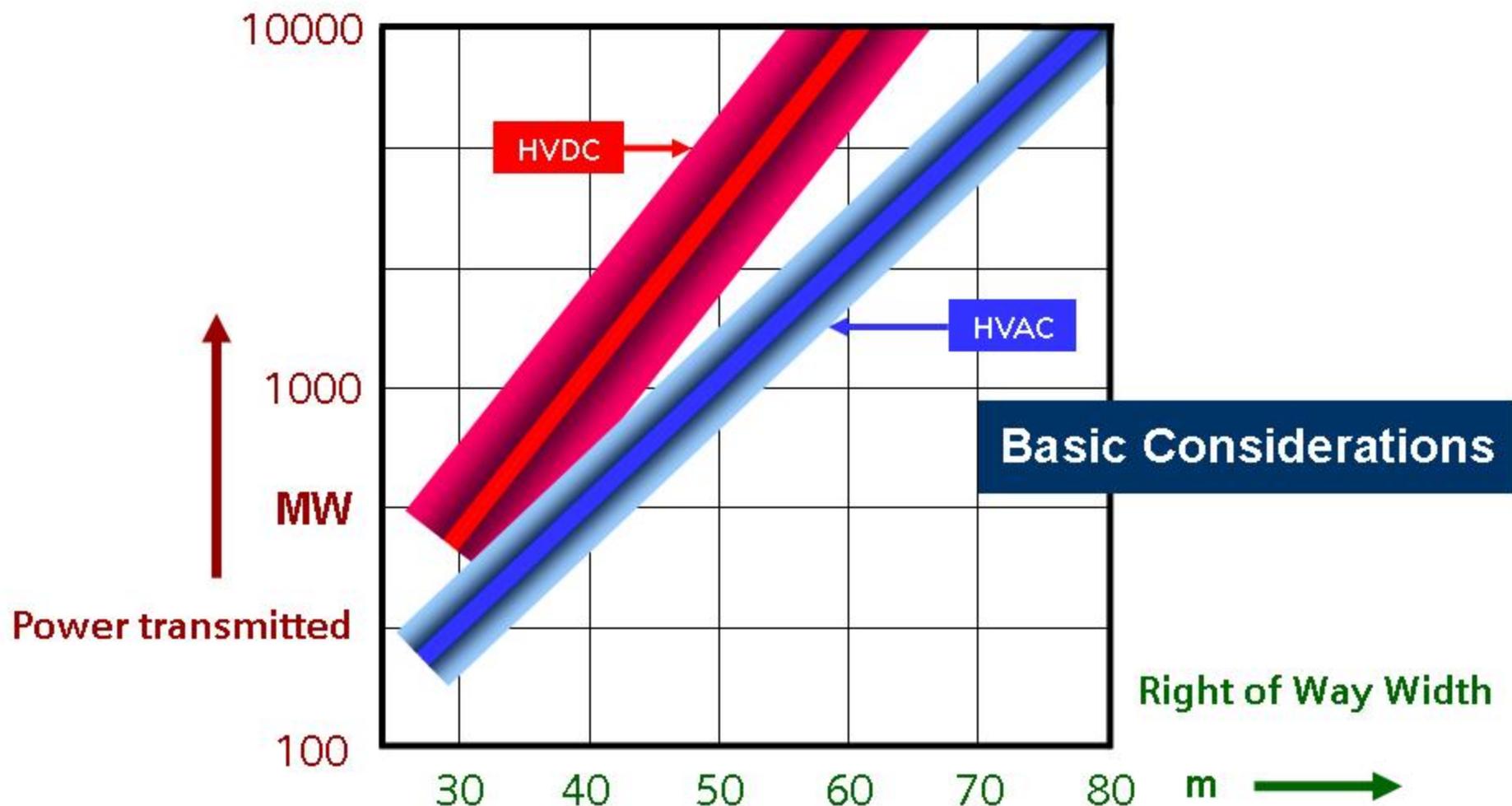
41m

3,000 MW



AC versus DC - Right of Way

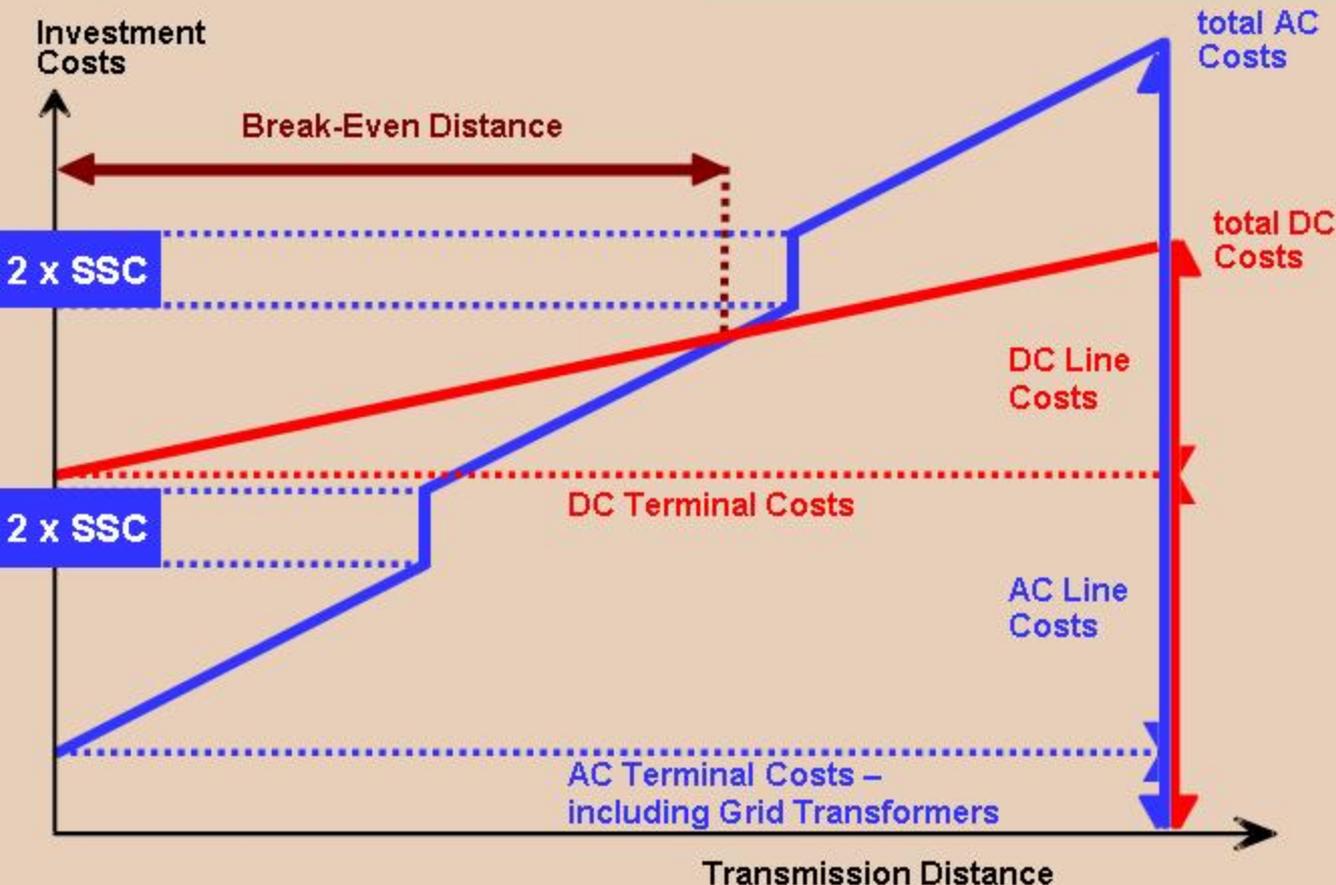
Comparison of Economic Transmission Power as a Function of Right of Way Width for HVDC and HVAC



Source: Siemens PTD SE PTI - 2002

DC versus AC: Break-Even Distance

Basic Considerations



AC-DC Break-Even Distance:

~ 1,000 MW / 700 km

However, if:

$$f_1 \neq f_2$$

the Break-Even Distance is:

Zero km

SSC = Series & Shunt Compensation of AC Lines - required for each Section of the Line

Enhanced Efficiency: HVDC East-South Interconnector and Ballia Bhiwadi

SIEMENS

DC versus **AC**



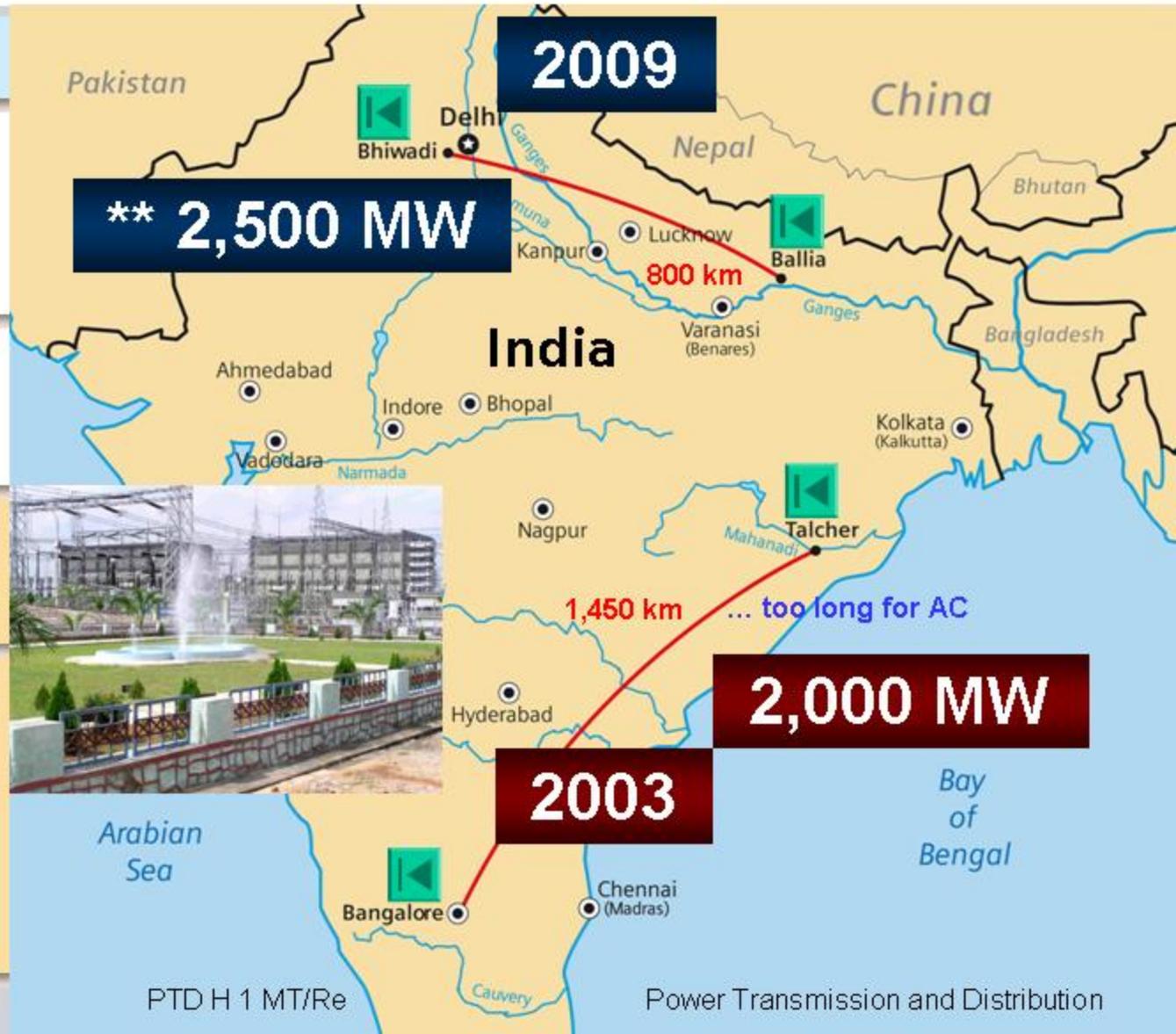
2 x 3-ph AC 400 kV



1 x +/- 500 kV

Example of HVDC
Ballia-Bhiwadi:

Reduction in CO₂:
688,000 tons p.a.
through 37% less
Transmission losses



Rio Branco

S. Antônio

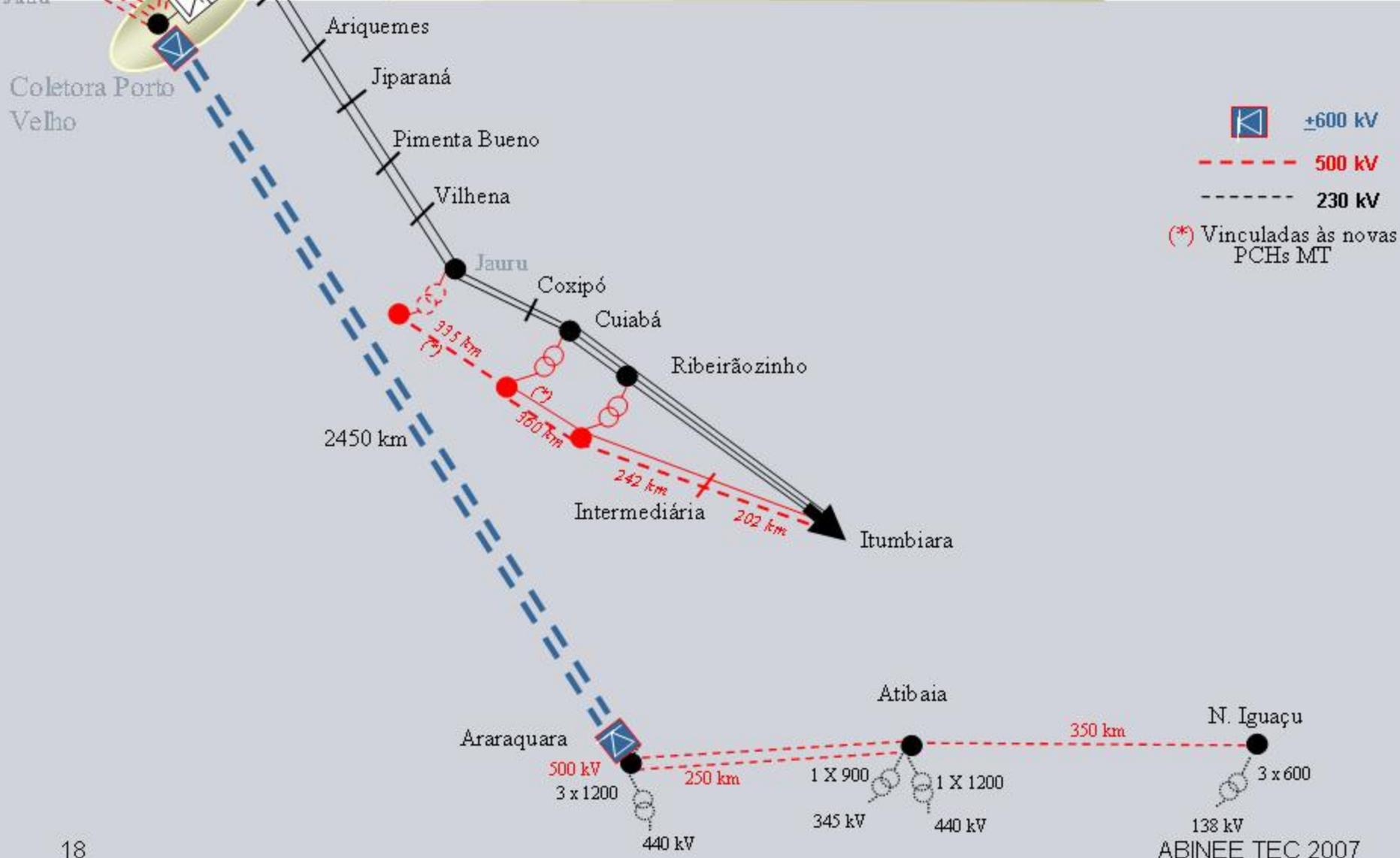
Back-to-back
2x500 MW

Jirau

Coletora Porto
Velho

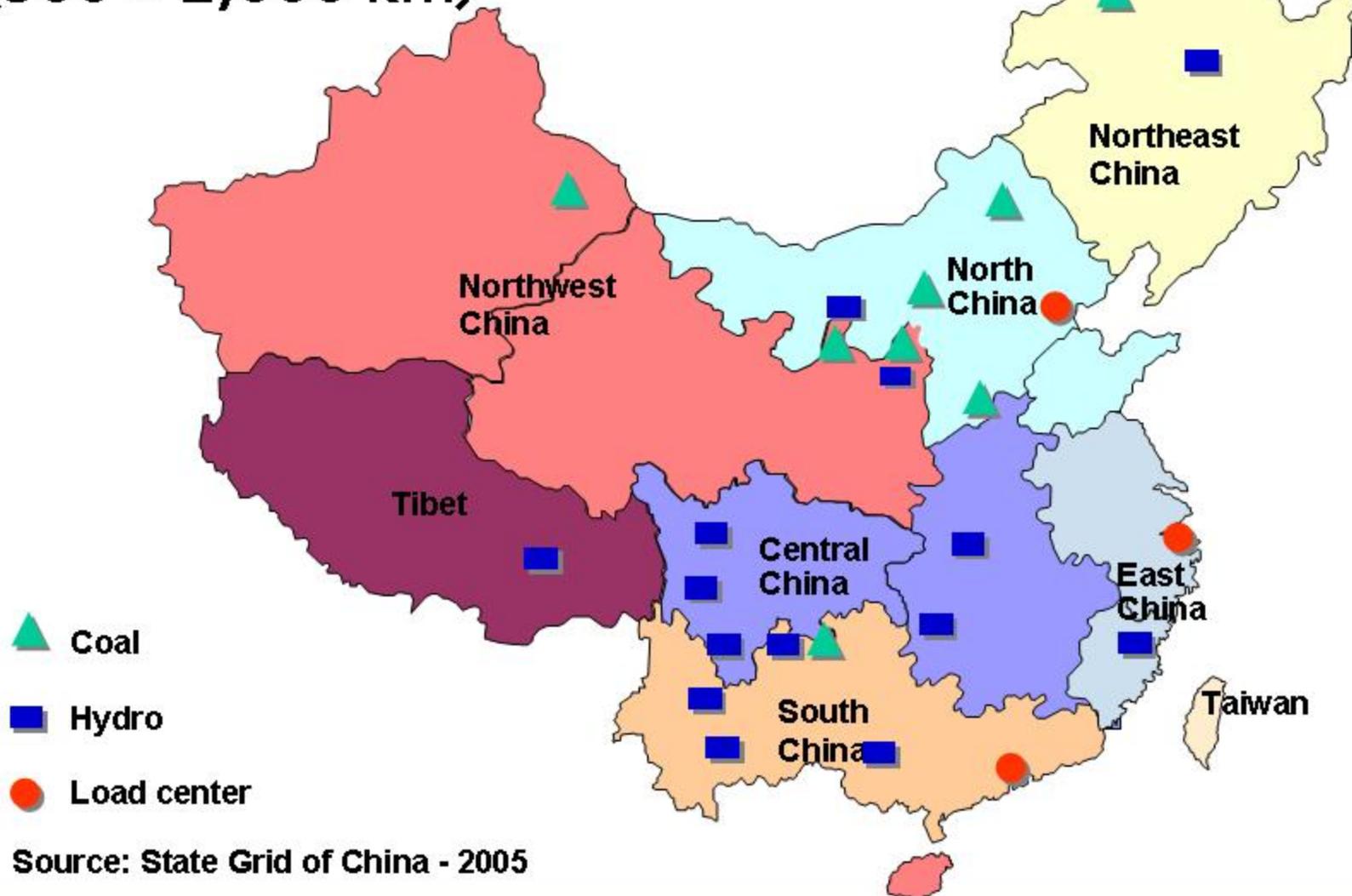
RIO MADEIRA PROJECT - 2 DC Bipoles ± 600 kV
 2 bioles 3150 MW AND 2 back-to-back 500 MW

SIEMENS



Example China: Long Distances between Generation and Load Center (500 ~ 2,000 km)

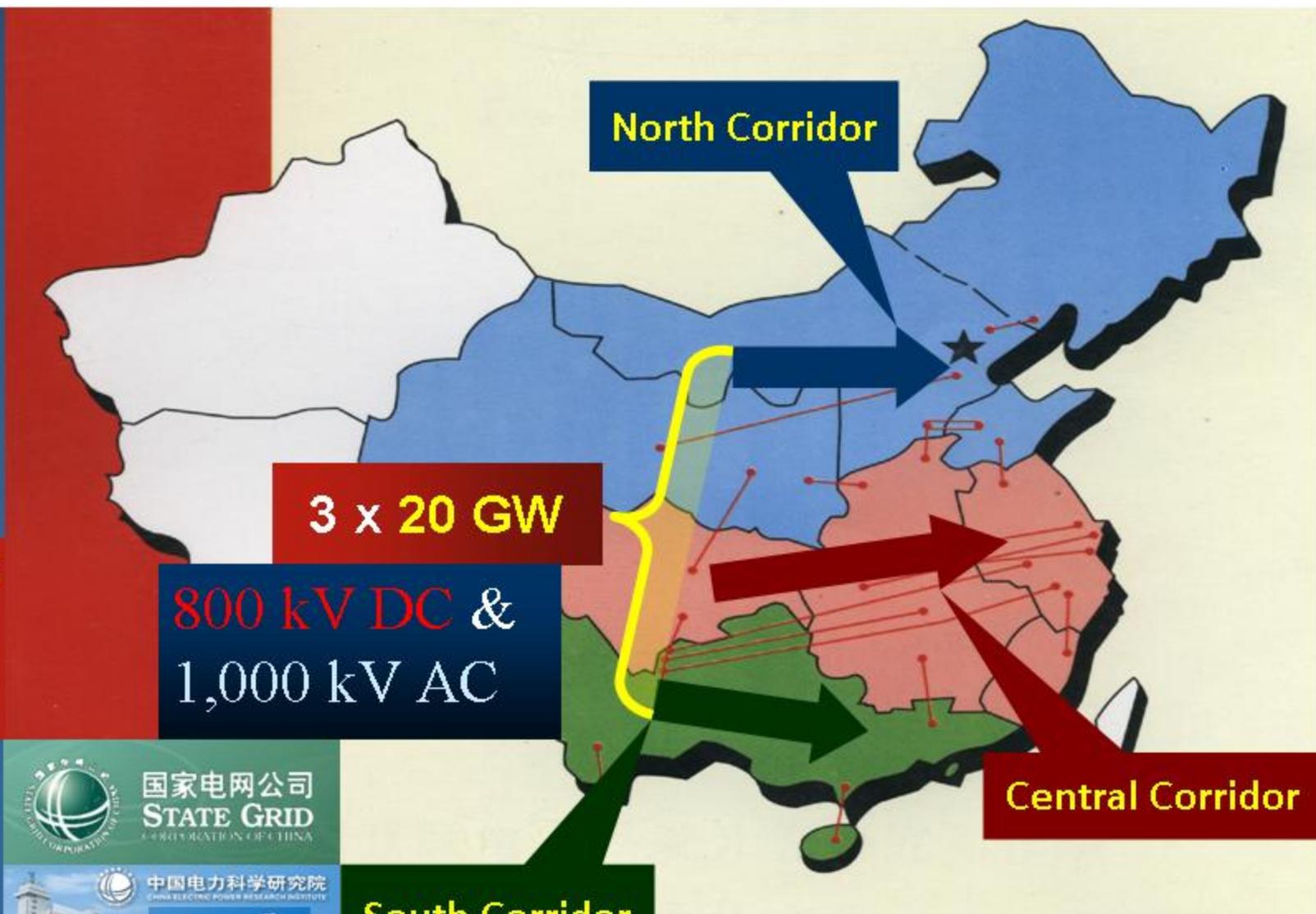
SIEMENS



The Solution: AC & DC Power Transmission from **SIEMENS** West to East - Three Bulk Power Transmission Corridors

Transmission Capacity of each Corridor will be 20 GW by 2020 ...

... the installed Generation Capacity will be 900 GW



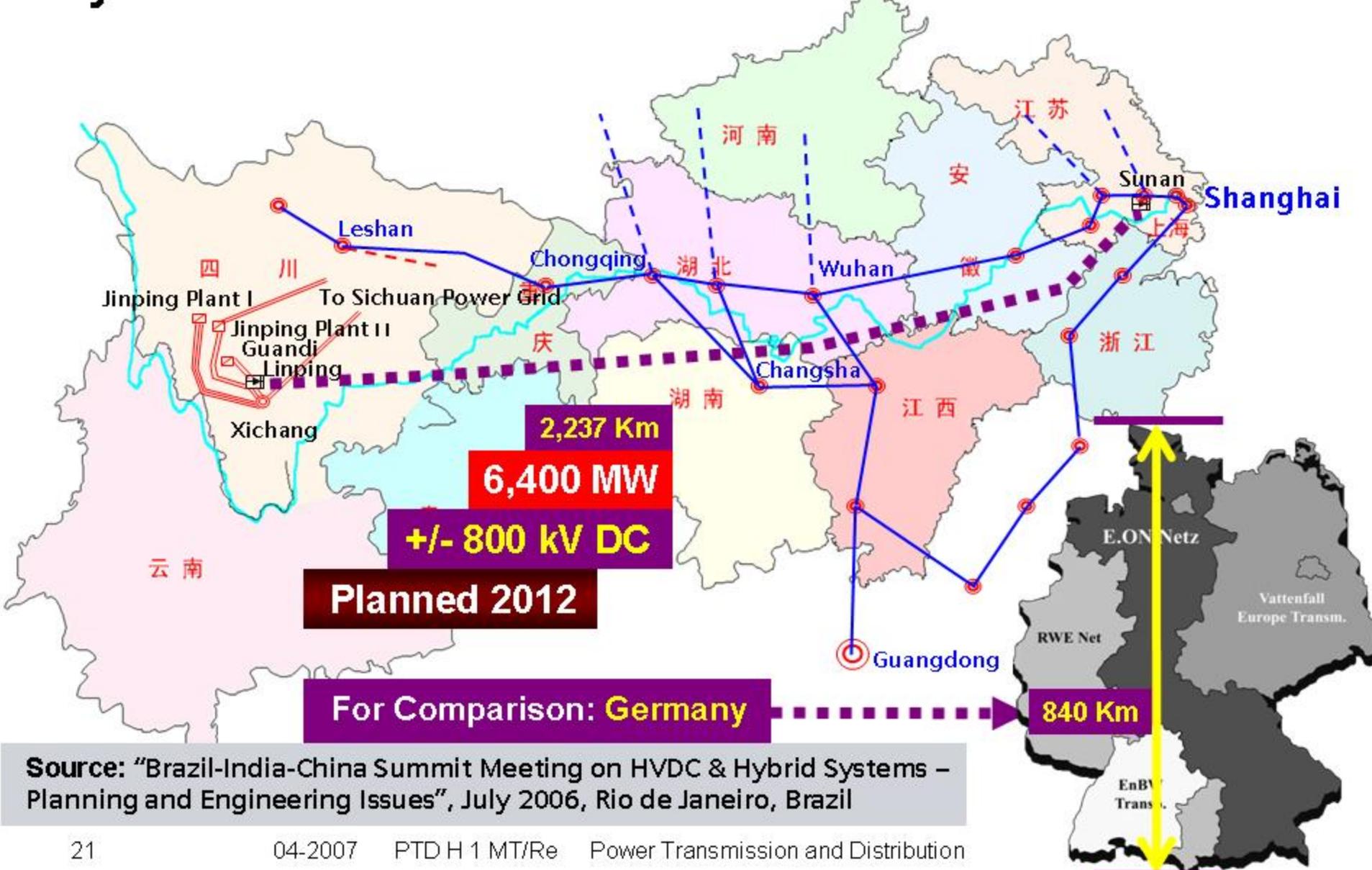
Sources:


 国家电网公司
STATE GRID
 CORPORATION OF CHINA


 中国电力科学研究院
 CHINA ELECTRIC POWER RESEARCH INSTITUTE


Jinping ± 800 kV HVDC Transmission Project @ 6400MW of State Grid Co.

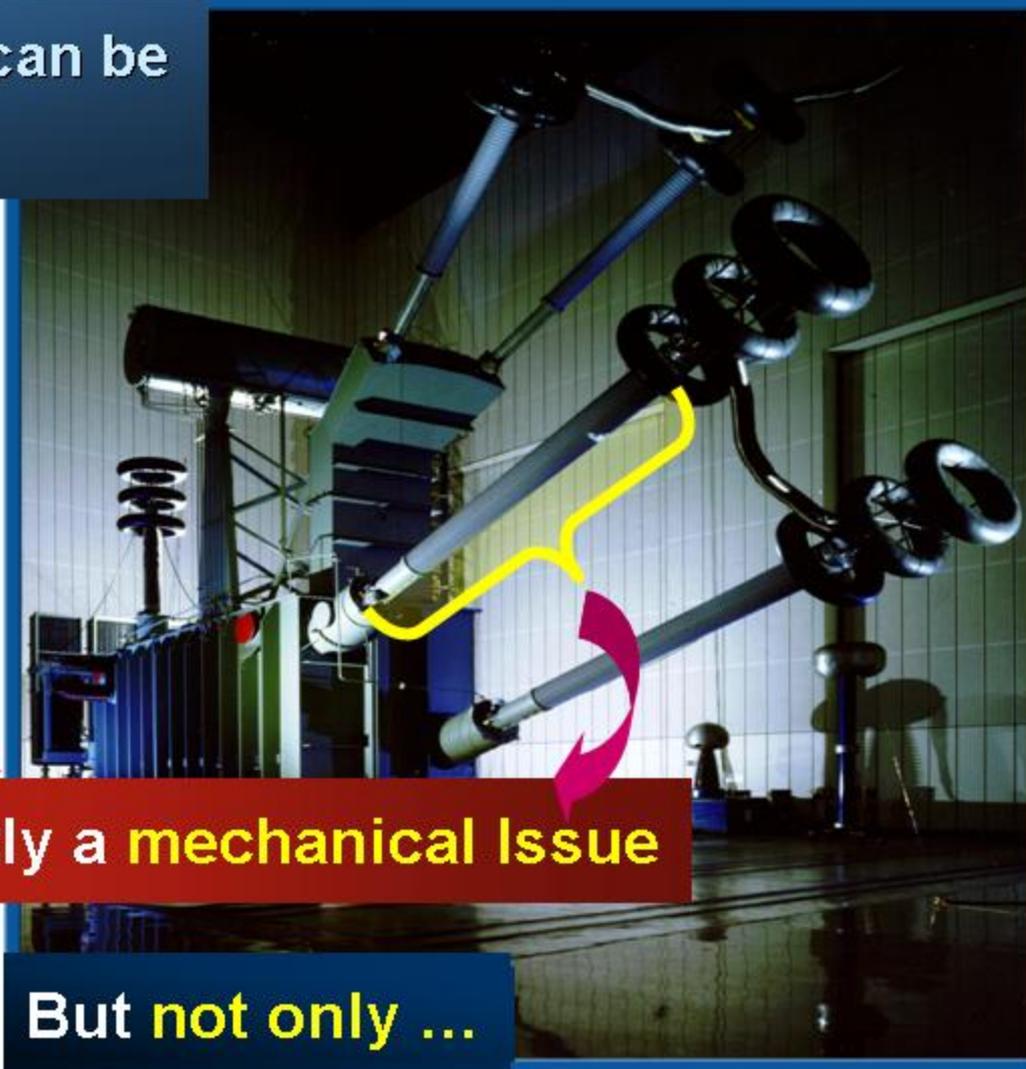
SIEMENS



800kV DC Air-Core, Smoothing Reactor and Converter Transformer

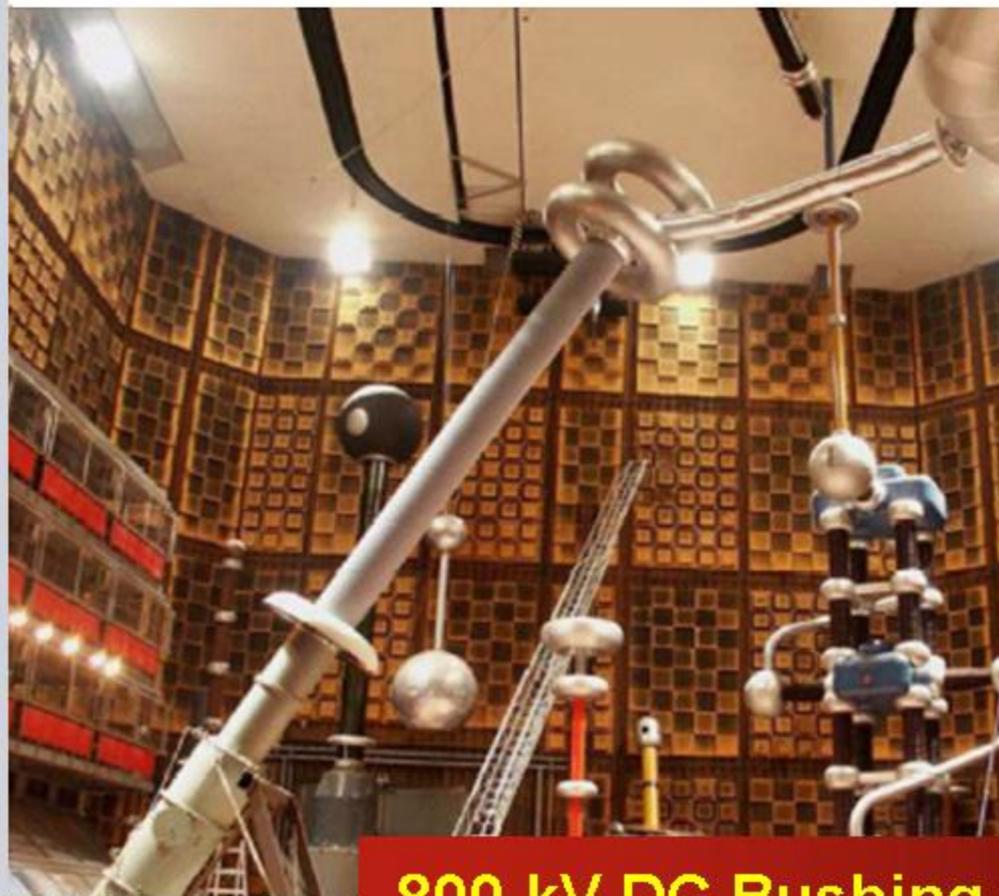
SIEMENS

At Present **500 kV DC** – but can be extended to **800 kV DC**



Mostly a **mechanical Issue**

But **not only ...**



800 kV DC Bushing in Test Field



Thorough Testing is quite essential ...

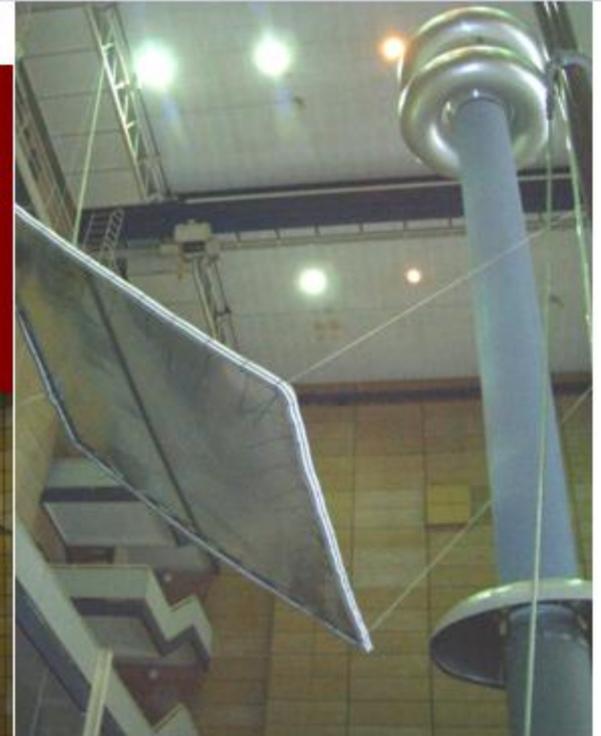
SIEMENS

*Verification of
Mechanical Performance*

**Cantilever Bending
Test for DC Insulators**



*Verification of
Clearance Distances
for **UHV DC**
Equipment*



Testing of DC Bypass-Breaker

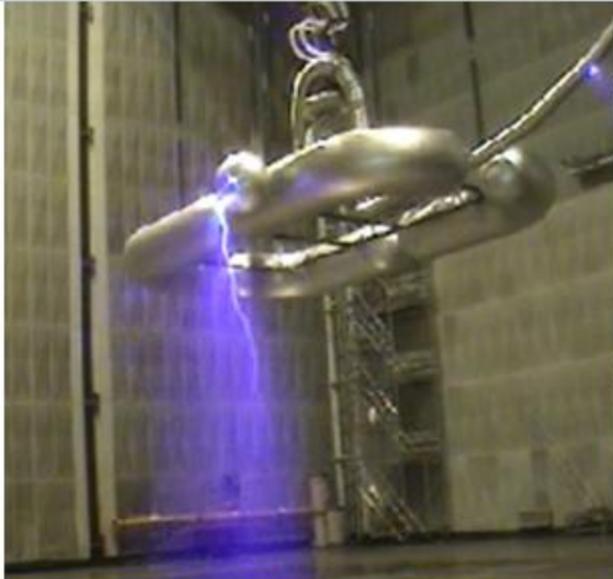
SIEMENS

800 kV DC



400 kV DC

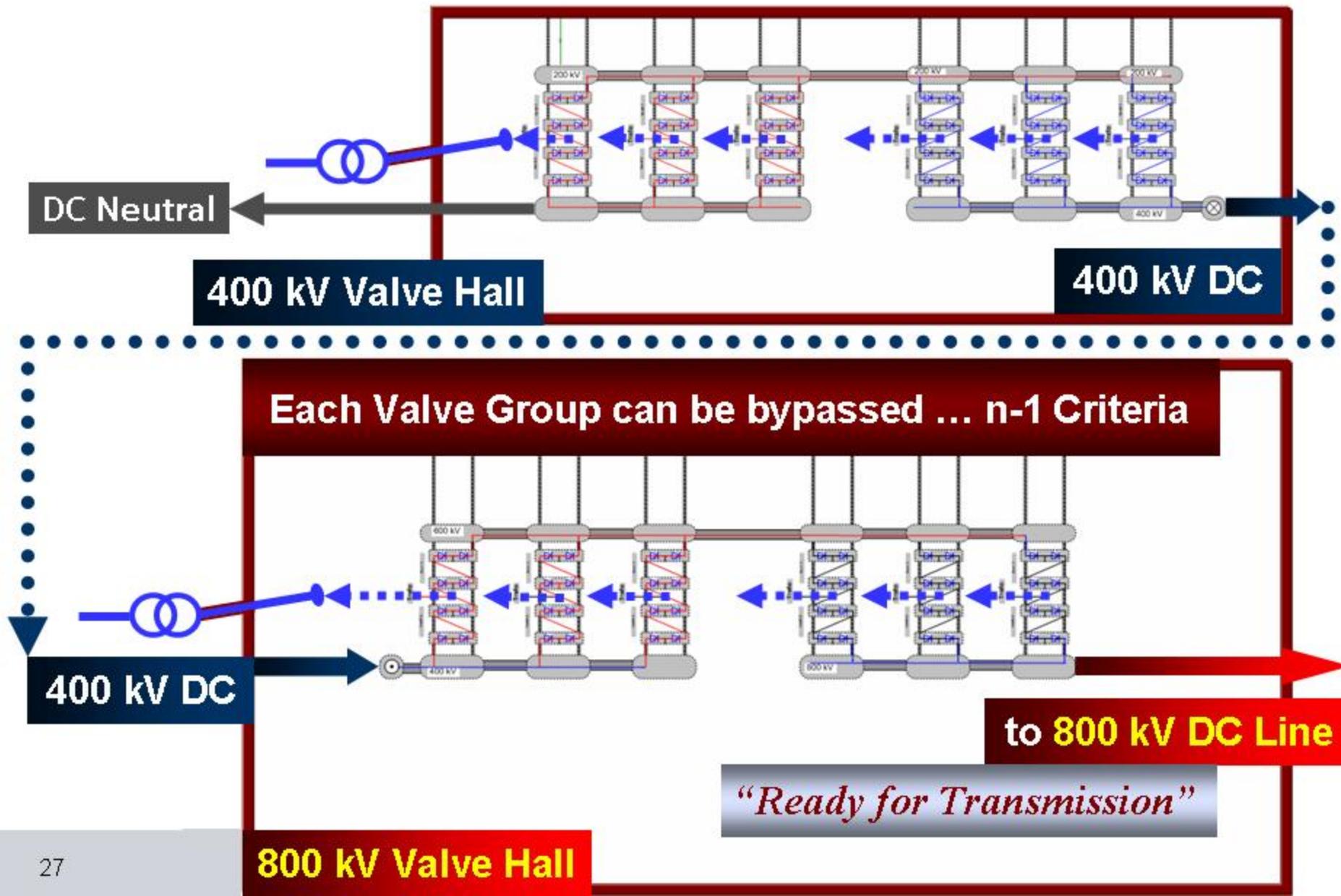




Dielectric Testing of Valve-Support Structure

Valve Hall Configuration – for UHV DC

SIEMENS



Conclusions

SIEMENS

Transmission *needs ...*

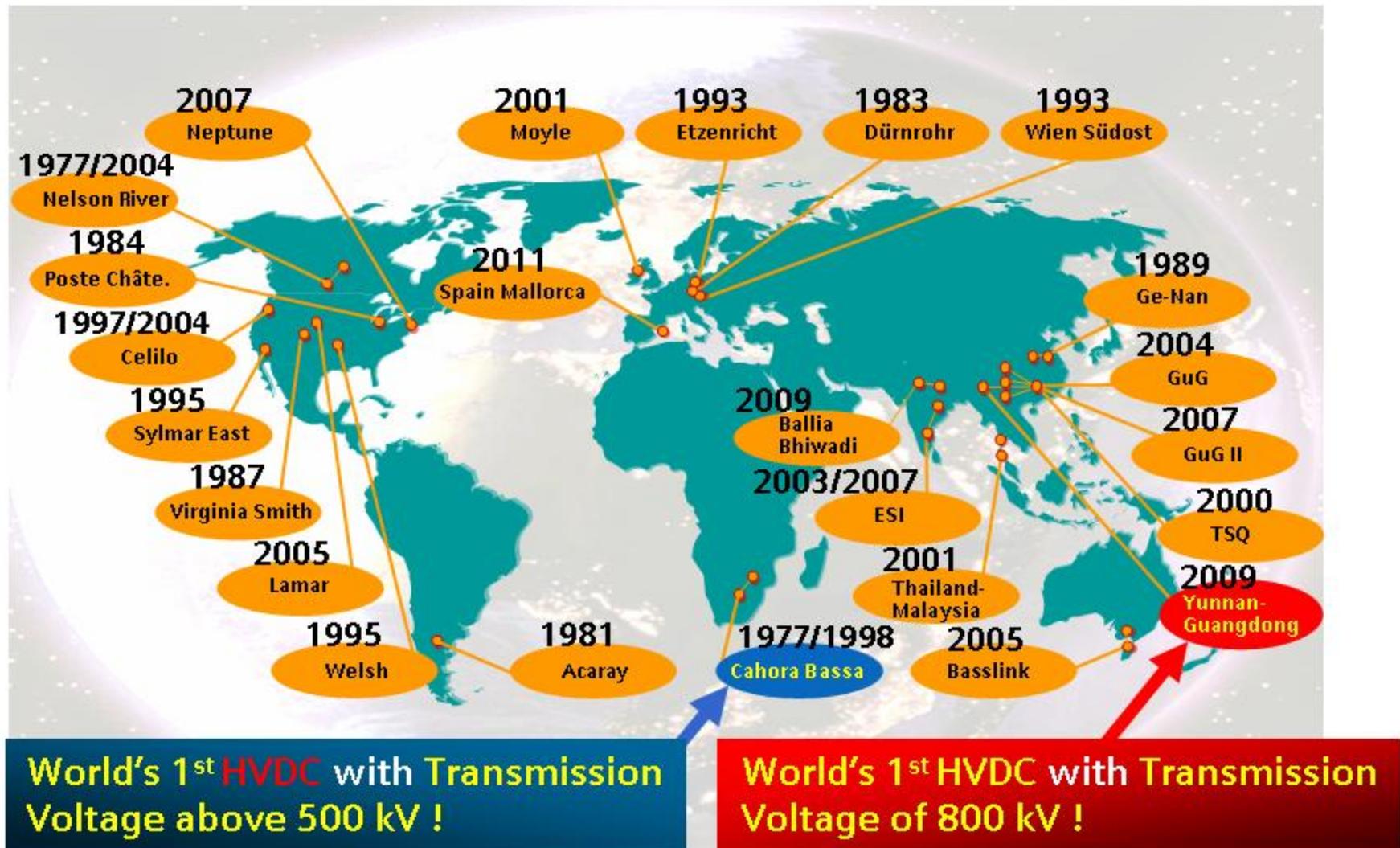
Elimination of

Bottlenecks

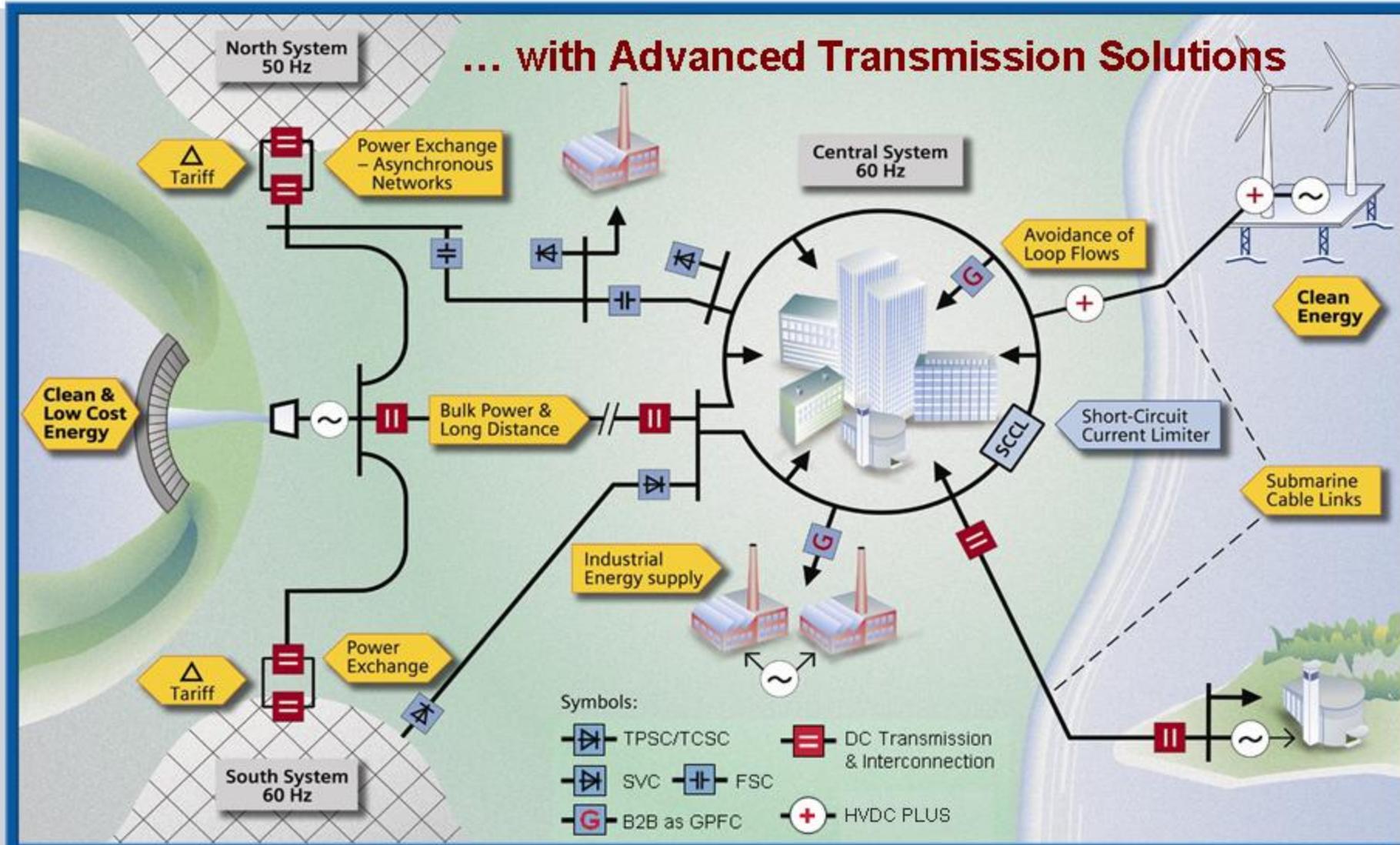
*and Congestion by use of
Advanced Technologies*

Siemens has been successful in the HVDC Business for more than 30 Years

SIEMENS



From Congestion, Bottlenecks and Blackouts towards a "Smart Grid"



The Future ?

SIEMENS

Global Link for Green Energy



Benefits of a “Global” Solution for System Interconnection

- ❑ Solving local Problems of Energy Resources by worldwide Energy Trading
- ❑ Improving Frequency Stability in weak Systems by Support through strong Systems
- ❑ Chance to use remote Regenerative and clean Energy Production:
 - Solar Fields in Deserts
 - Off-Shore Wind Farms
 - Hydro Energy
- ❑ Independent from the Time Zones